Patient Registration data				
Surname	Forename			
NHS/Private Hospital Number	Pr Date of birth			
Postcode	Ethnicity			
Patient-reported outcomes of	onsent			
Has this patient consented to	o being sent outcome questionnaires?			
☐ Patient has consented to receive questionnaires				
☐ Patient does not war	nt to receive questionnaires			
☐ Patient judged incap	able of completing a written questionnaire in English			
□ Patient was capable	but not asked whether they were happy to receive questionnaire			
Reason patient was judged i	ncapable of completing the questionnaires (if applicable):			
☐ Poor eyesight				
☐ Literacy or language comprehension problems				
☐ Cognitive impairment				
DO NOT SUBMIT DATA ELECTRONICALLY UNTIL THIS SECTION IS COMPLETED				
Previous treatment data				
Date of breast cancer diagno	sis:			
Date of original mastectomy:				
Treatments for ipsilateral bre	east cancer prior to this admission (please select all that apply):			
☐ None	☐ Breast-conserving surgery			
☐ Axillary surgery (includ	ing Sentinel Node Bx) Radiotherapy			
☐ Chemotherapy ☐ Hormone Therapy				
Co-morbidity data				
Smoking status:	ASA Grading (from pre-operative assessment):			
☐ Current smoker	☐ I – Normal healthy individual			
☐ Ex-smoker	☐ II – Mild systemic disease that does not limit activity			
☐ Never smoked	☐ III – Severe systemic disease that limits activity but is not			
Body mass index:	incapacitating			
Weight/kg	☐ IV – Incapacitating systemic disease which is constantly			
Height/m	life-threatening			
BMI (W/H²)	Pre-operative performance status (ECOG/WHO):			
Diabetes status:	☐ 0 - Fully active			
□ Not diabetic	1 - Light/office work			
☐ Type I diabetes	☐ 2 – Ambulatory / self care, up and about > 50% of the time			
☐ Type II diabetes	☐ 3 - Limited self care, confined to bed / chair > 50% waking hours			
	4 - Completely disabled, no self care and totally confined to bed /			
	chair			











Pathology data (from post-	<u>operative histolog</u>	gy report)			
Tumour laterality:	Right	□ Left			
Invasive status:	_	☐ DCIS (ductal carcinoma in situ)			
Grade of DCIS or Invasive Carcinoma: □ 1 – low (DCIS) or well differentiated (invasive) □ 2 – intermediate (DCIS) or moderately differentiated (invasive) □ 3 – high (DCIS) or poorly differentiated (invasive)					
Lymph node involvement:					
(/)					
(number of positive axillary no	odes / total number	r of axillary nodes in pathology specimen)			
Invasive lesion size (mm):					
Recorded Nottingham Prognostic Index Score (if invasive):					
Delayed reconstruction dat	<u>a</u>				
Date of admission for surge	ery:				
Date of delayed reconstruc	tion:				
Type of delayed primary re	construction perfe	ormed (please select all that apply):			
☐ Tissue expander	-	☐ SIEA free flap			
☐ Fixed volume implan	İ	☐ TDAP flap			
□ Latissimus Dorsi flap		☐ TMG/TUG free flap			
☐ TRAM pedicle flap		☐ SGAP free flap			
☐ TRAM free flap		☐ IGAP free flap			
☐ DIEP free flap		☐ Nipple reconstruction			
Type of contralateral symmetrisation surgery perfomed (please select all that apply):					
☐ None		Reduction mammoplasty			
☐ Tissue expander		☐ Mastopexy (skin reduction only)			
☐ Augmentation mamn	oplasty				
Planned secondary reconstructive procedures:					
\Box Tissue expansion of	☐ Tissue expansion of breast mound				
☐ Exchange of expande	Exchange of expander for fixed volume implant				
☐ Nipple reconstruction	Nipple reconstruction				
☐ Areolar tattooing					
☐ Symmetrisation proc	edure				
☐ Exchange of implant/	expander for autol	ogous flap			











Reconstructive decision-making data					
Was immediate reconstruction originally offered to this patient? \Box Yes \Box No					
If immediate reconstruction was not offered, why was this? (please select all that apply)					
<u>Patient</u>	appropriateness for surgery (at time of mastectomy):				
	Advanced stage of disease				
	Concerns about local recurrence				
	Age of patient				
	Degree of co-morbidity (e.g. cardio-respiratory disease)				
	Lifestyle factors (e.g. smoking)				
	Cognitive impairment				
	Mental health issues (e.g. psychiatric illness)				
<u>Treatm</u>	ent pathway issues (at time of mastectomy):				
	Patient has undergone recent neo-adjuvant chemotherapy				
	Adjuvant radiotherapy to chest wall anticipated for this patient				
	Reconstructive surgery would delay other anticipated adjuvant therapies				
Service	e access issues (at time of mastectomy):				
	Immediate reconstruction not available locally				
	Immediate reconstruction would have significantly delayed mastectomy surgery				











Peri-operative morbidity data					
Date of discharge:					
Return to theatre during admission	☐ Yes	□ No			
Emergency transfer to HDU or ITU during admission	☐ Yes	☐ No			
Death during admission	☐ Yes	□ No			
In-patient complications (please select all that apply):					
Complications requiring therapeutic intervention at:	Mastecto site	my Flap donor site (if applicable)			
None					
Wound infection requiring intravenous antibiotics					
Wound infection requiring surgical debridement					
Skin flap necrosis requiring surgical debridement					
Wound dehiscence requiring re-closure					
Haematoma or seroma requiring aspiration or drainage					
Flap-related complications requiring therapeutic interventio	n:				
Not applicable					
None					
Impaired flap perfusion requiring re-exploration or revision of	f anastomosis				
Partial flap necrosis or failure requiring debridement					
Total flap necrosis or failure requiring removal					
Implant/expander-related complications requiring therapeut	ic intervention	:			
Not applicable					
None					
Displaced implant/expander requiring re-positioning					
Infected implant/expander requiring intravenous antibiotic the	erapy				
Infected implant/expander requiring removal					
Ruptured implant/expander requiring removal					
Distant or systemic complications requiring therapeutic intervention:					
None					
Haemorrhage requiring blood transfusion					
Deep venous thrombosis (DVT) requiring formal anticoagula					
Pulmonary embolism (PE) requiring formal anticoagulation					
Acute myocardial infarction (MI) requiring anticoagulation +/-	- thrombolysis				









